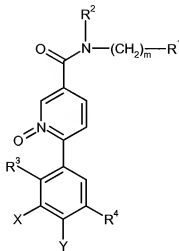


**Amendments to the claims**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Original) A compound of formula (I):



(I)

wherein

R<sup>1</sup> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, halogen and hydroxy, C<sub>2-6</sub>alkenyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl optionally substituted by one or more C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups, phenyl optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup>, and heteroaryl optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup>,

R<sup>2</sup> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl optionally substituted by one or more C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups,

or (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>m</sub>R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup>, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form a four- to six-membered heterocyclic ring optionally substituted by up to three C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups;

R<sup>3</sup> is chloro or methyl;

R<sup>4</sup> is the group -NH-CO-R<sup>7</sup> or -CO-NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-R<sup>8</sup>;

R<sup>5</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl optionally substituted by one or more C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups, -CONR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -NHCOR<sup>10</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>NHR<sup>9</sup>, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>s</sub>NHSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>10</sup>, halogen, CN, OH, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>s</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, and trifluoromethyl;

R<sup>6</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, halogen, trifluoromethyl and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>s</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>;

R<sup>7</sup> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl optionally substituted by one or more C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups, trifluoromethyl, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>heteroaryl optionally substituted by R<sup>13</sup> and/or R<sup>14</sup>, and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>r</sub>phenyl optionally substituted by R<sup>13</sup> and/or R<sup>14</sup>;

R<sup>8</sup> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl optionally substituted by one or more C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups, CONHR<sup>9</sup>, phenyl optionally substituted by R<sup>13</sup> and/or R<sup>14</sup>, and heteroaryl optionally substituted by R<sup>13</sup> and/or R<sup>14</sup>;

R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup> are each independently selected from hydrogen and C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, or R<sup>9</sup> and R<sup>10</sup>, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form a five- to six-membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur and N-R<sup>15</sup>, wherein the ring may be substituted by up to two C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups;

R<sup>11</sup> is selected from hydrogen, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl and -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl optionally substituted by one or more C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups,

R<sup>12</sup> is selected from hydrogen and C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, or R<sup>11</sup> and R<sup>12</sup>, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are bound, form a five or six-membered heterocyclic ring optionally containing one additional heteroatom selected from oxygen, sulfur and N-R<sup>15</sup>;

R<sup>13</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-C<sub>3-7</sub>cycloalkyl optionally substituted by one or more C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups, -CONR<sup>9</sup>R<sup>10</sup>, -NHCOR<sup>10</sup>, halogen, CN, -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>s</sub>NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>, trifluoromethyl, phenyl optionally substituted by one or more R<sup>14</sup> groups and heteroaryl optionally substituted by one or more R<sup>14</sup> groups;

R<sup>14</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl, C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, halogen, trifluoromethyl and -NR<sup>11</sup>R<sup>12</sup>;

R<sup>15</sup> is selected from hydrogen and methyl;

X and Y are each independently selected from hydrogen, methyl and halogen;

m is selected from 0, 1, 2, 3 and 4, wherein each carbon atom of the resulting carbon chain may be optionally substituted with up to two groups selected independently from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl and halogen;

q is selected from 0, 1 and 2;

r is selected from 0 and 1; and

s is selected from 0, 1, 2 and 3;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.

2. (Original) A compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>1</sup> is selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from C<sub>1-6</sub>alkoxy, halogen and hydroxy, and phenyl optionally substituted by up to three groups independently selected from R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup>.

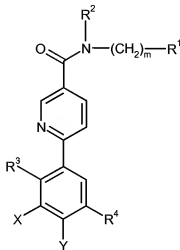
3. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>2</sup> is hydrogen.

4. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>3</sup> is methyl.
5. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1 wherein X is fluorine.
6. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>4</sup> is -CO-NH-(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>q</sub>-R<sup>8</sup>.
7. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1 wherein R<sup>8</sup> is C<sub>3</sub>-cycloalkyl optionally substituted by one or more C<sub>1-6</sub>alkyl groups.
8. (Original) A compound according to claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof substantially as hereinbefore defined with reference to any one of Examples 1 to 20.
9. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1 selected from:  
6-{5-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl}-N-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)-3-pyridinecarboxamide 1-oxide;  
6-{5-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl}-N-[(1R)-1,2,2-trimethylpropyl]-3-pyridinecarboxamide 1-oxide;  
6-{5-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl}-N-(1,1-dimethylpropyl)-3-pyridinecarboxamide 1-oxide;  
6-{5-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl}-N-(1-ethylpropyl)-3-pyridinecarboxamide 1-oxide;  
6-{5-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl}-N-[(1S)-1,2,2-trimethylpropyl]-3-pyridinecarboxamide 1-oxide;  
6-{5-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl}-N-[(1R)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-3-pyridinecarboxamide 1-oxide;  
6-{5-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl}-N-[(1S)-1,2-dimethylpropyl]-3-pyridinecarboxamide 1-oxide; and  
6-{5-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl}-N-[(3,4-dimethylphenyl)methyl]-3-pyridinecarboxamide 1-oxide;  
or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof.
10. (Previously Presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according to claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof in association with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, diluents and/or carriers.
11. (withdrawn) A method for treating a condition or disease state mediated by p38 kinase activity or mediated by cytokines produced by the activity of p38 kinase comprising administering to a patient in need thereof a compound or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof, according to claim 1.

12.(Cancelled)

13. (Cancelled)

14. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of formula (I) according to claim 1or a pharmaceutically acceptable derivative thereof which comprises reacting compound of formula (II)



(II)

in which R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, X, Y and m are as defined in claim 1, with an oxidising agent.

15. (New) A compound according to claim 1 which is 6-{5-[(cyclopropylamino)carbonyl]-3-fluoro-2-methylphenyl}-N-(2,2-dimethylpropyl)-3-pyridinecarboxamide 1-oxide; or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.